

# ULTRACLOXAM®

2003

## A synergistic combination of Ampicillin - Cloxacillin

### Composition:

- \* Ultracloxam Capsules: Each capsule contains:

Ampicillin B.P.	250 mg.
Cloxacillin sodium monohydrate B.P. equiv. to cloxacillin	250 mg.
- \* Ultracloxam Suspension: After reconstitution, each 5 ml. contains:

Ampicillin trihydrate B.P. equiv. to ampicillin	125 mg.
Cloxacillin sodium monohydrate B.P. equiv. to cloxacillin	125 mg.
- \* Ultracloxam Injection: Each vial contains:

Ampicillin sodium for injection B.P. equiv. to ampicillin	250 mg.
Cloxacillin sodium for injection B.P. equiv. to cloxacillin	250 mg.

**Properties:** Ultracloxam is a synergistic bactericidal combination of two acid stable penicillins: Ampicillin as a broad spectrum antibiotic and cloxacillin which is active against penicillin resistant bacteria. Ultracloxam is well absorbed orally producing effective serum and urine concentrations. It is mainly excreted by the kidney, around 30% of the oral dose is excreted within 6 hours unchanged in the urine.

**Antibacterial activity:** Ultracloxam is active against a wide range of bacteria including Gram-positive, Gram-negative and penicillinase producing strains.

**Indications:** Ultracloxam proves efficacy in the treatment of:

- \* Respiratory tract infections: Tonsillitis; pharyngitis; otitis; bronchitis and pneumonia.
- \* Gastrointestinal tract infections: Enteritis; shigellosis; typhoid and paratyphoid.
- \* Genitourinary tract infections: Pylonephritis; pyelitis; cystitis; urethritis and pelvic infections.
- \* Skin and soft tissues infections: Cellulitis, abscesses and carbuncles.
- \* Other infections: Septicaemia; endocarditis; osteomyelitis and meningitis.

**Precautions:** It should not be used in the eye either subconjunctivally or locally. If erythematous rashes develop in patients with suspected glandular fever, treatment must be discontinued.

**Side effects:** As with other penicillins, side effects are usually infrequent, mild and transient and may include diarrhea, indigestion or skin rashes which indicate hypersensitivity.

**Contraindications:** The drug should not be given to patients with known hypersensitivity to penicillins.

### Dosage:

Adults: Orally: 1-2 capsules four times daily.

Parenterally: 1-2 injections every 4-6 hours. The solution should be used immediately after reconstitution.

Intramuscular: Dissolve contents in 1.5 ml. water for injection and shake well.

Intravenous: In severe cases it is used intravenously by dissolving the contents in 10 ml. water for injection and administered slowly (3-4 minutes).

Children: One month-2 years: ½-1 teaspoonful, four times daily.

2-10 years: 1-2 teaspoonful, four times daily.

Ultracloxam should be given ½-1 hour before meals.

**Presentation:** Ultracloxam is available as:

Capsules: Packs of 16, 20 and 400.

Suspension: Bottles of 60 and 100 ml.

Vials: Boxes of 1,50 and 100.

**This is a medicament - Keep medicaments out of the reach of children.**

- A medicament is a product which affects your health, and its consumption contrary to instructions is dangerous for you.
- Follow strictly the doctor's prescription, the method of use and the instructions of the pharmacist who dispensed the medicament.
- The doctor and the pharmacist are experts in medicine, its benefits and risks.
- Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment prescribed for you.
- Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your doctor.